

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2006

LCO No. 4934

SB0031704934SD0

Offered by:

SEN. MURPHY, 16th Dist. REP. SAYERS, 60th Dist. SEN. SLOSSBERG, 14th Dist. REP. OLSON, 46th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. **317**

File No. 322

Cal. No. 258

"AN ACT CONCERNING REVISIONS TO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH STATUTES."

- 1 Strike section 2 in its entirety and renumber remaining sections and
- 2 internal references accordingly
- 3 Change the effective date of section 3 to "October 1, 2006"
- 4 Strike sections 6 and 7 in their entirety and insert the following in
- 5 lieu thereof:
- 6 "Sec. 6. Section 19a-266 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 7 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 8 (a) For purposes of this section:
- 9 (1) "Breast cancer [treatment] <u>screening and referral</u> services" means
- 10 necessary breast cancer screening services and referral services for a

11 procedure intended to treat cancer of the human breast, including, but

- not limited to, surgery, radiation therapy, chemotherapy, hormonal
- 13 therapy and related medical follow-up services.

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- 14 (2) "Cervical cancer [treatment] <u>screening and referral</u> services"
 15 means <u>necessary cervical cancer screening services and referral</u>
 16 <u>services for</u> a procedure intended to treat cancer of the human cervix,
 17 including, but not limited to, surgery, radiation therapy, cryotherapy,
- 18 electrocoagulation and related medical follow-up services.
- (3) "Unserved or underserved populations" means women who are:
 (A) At or below two hundred per cent of the federal poverty level for
 individuals; (B) without health insurance that covers breast cancer
 screening mammography or cervical cancer screening services; and (C)
 nineteen to sixty-four years of age.
 - (b) There is established, within existing appropriations, a breast and cervical cancer early detection and treatment referral program, within the Department of Public Health, to (1) promote screening, detection and treatment of breast cancer and cervical cancer among unserved or underserved populations, [to] (2) educate the public regarding breast cancer and cervical cancer and the benefits of early detection, and [to] (3) provide counseling and referral services for treatment.
 - (c) The program shall include, but not be limited to:
- 32 (1) Establishment of a public education and outreach initiative to 33 publicize breast cancer and cervical cancer early detection services and 34 the extent of coverage for such services by health insurance; [,] the 35 benefits of early detection of breast cancer and the recommended 36 frequency of screening services, including clinical breast examinations 37 and mammography; and the medical assistance program and other 38 public and private programs and the benefits of early detection of 39 cervical cancer and the recommended frequency of pap tests;
 - (2) Development of professional education programs, including the benefits of early detection of breast cancer and the recommended

frequency of mammography and the benefits of early detection of cervical cancer and the recommended frequency of pap tests;

- (3) Establishment of a system [for the purpose of tracking and follow-up of] to track and follow-up on all women screened for breast cancer and cervical cancer in the program. The system shall include, but not be limited to, follow-up of abnormal screening tests and referral to treatment when needed and tracking women to be screened at recommended screening intervals;
- (4) [Insurance] <u>Assurance</u> that all participating providers of breast cancer and cervical cancer screening are in compliance with national and state quality assurance legislative mandates.
- (d) The Department of Public Health shall provide unserved or underserved populations, within existing appropriations and through contracts with health care providers: (1) [One mammogram every year for populations age forty-five to sixty-four; (2) one mammogram every year for populations age thirty-five to forty-four with a first degree female relative who has had breast cancer or with other risk factors of equal weight; (3) one pap test for cervical cancer per year for populations age nineteen to sixty-four who have had a positive finding, otherwise one every three years or more frequently as directed by a physician; (4)] Clinical breast examinations, screening mammograms and pap tests, as recommended in the most current breast and cervical cancer screening guidelines established by the United States Preventive Services Task Force, for the woman's age and medical history; (2) a sixty-day follow-up pap test for victims of sexual assault; and [(5)] (3) a pap test every six months for women who have tested HIV positive.
 - [(e) The Department of Public Health may apply for and receive money from public and private sources and from the federal government for the purposes of a program for breast cancer and cervical cancer early detection and treatment referral. Any payment to the state as a settlement of a court action of which the proceeds may be

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vised for women's health shall be deposited in an account designated

- 75 for use by the Department of Public Health for breast and cervical
- 76 cancer treatment services.]
- 77 [(f)] (e) The Commissioner of Public Health shall report annually to
- 78 the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having
- 79 cognizance of matters relating to public health and appropriations. The
- 80 report shall include, but not be limited to, a description of the rate of
- 81 breast cancer and cervical cancer morbidity and mortality in this state
- 82 and the extent of participation in breast cancer and cervical cancer
- 83 screening.
- [(g)] (f) The organizations providing the testing and treatment
- 85 services shall report to the Department of Public Health the names of
- 86 the insurer of each underinsured woman being tested to facilitate
- 87 recoupment.
- 88 Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2006) The Department of Public
- 89 Health may apply for and receive money from public and private
- 90 sources and from the federal government for the purpose of funding,
- 91 in whole or in part, a comprehensive cancer program. Any payment to
- 92 the state as a settlement of a court action of which the proceeds may be
- 93 used for health shall be deposited in an account designated for use by
- 94 the department for comprehensive cancer initiatives."
- 95 In line 334, insert an opening bracket before "consistently"
- In line 335, insert a closing bracket after "department" and after the
- 97 closing bracket insert "fails to comply with the statutes and regulations
- 98 <u>for licensing youth camps</u>"
- In line 355, after "penalty", insert "of not more than one hundred
- dollars per violation for each day of occurrence"
- In line 404, after "subsection.", insert "In connection with any
- investigation of a youth camp, the Commissioner of Public Health or
- 103 said commissioner's authorized agent may administer oaths, issue

104 subpoenas, compel testimony and order the production of books,

- records and documents. If any person refuses to appear, to testify or to
- 106 produce any book, record or document when so ordered, a judge of
- 107 the Superior Court may make such order as may be appropriate to aid
- in the enforcement of this section."
- Strike section 22 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu
- 110 thereof:
- "Sec. 22. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) Upon the transfer of more
- than a fifty per cent ownership share, discontinuance or termination of
- a funeral service business, the person, firm, partnership or corporation
- to whom the inspection certificate has been issued shall:
- 115 (1) Notify each person who has purchased a prepaid funeral
- 116 contract from such funeral service business of such transfer,
- 117 discontinuance or termination;
- 118 (2) Mail a letter to each person for whom the funeral service
- business is storing cremated remains notifying such person of such
- 120 transfer, discontinuance or termination; and
- 121 (3) Provide the Department of Public Health with a notice of such
- 122 transfer, discontinuance or termination and a list of all unclaimed
- 123 cremated remains held by the funeral service business at the time of
- 124 such transfer, discontinuance or termination not later than ten days
- after any such transfer, discontinuance or termination."
- Strike section 24 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu
- 127 thereof:
- "Sec. 24. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2006) (a) As used in this section,
- 129 "nursing facility management services" means services provided in a
- 130 nursing facility to manage the operations of such facility, including the
- 131 provision of care and services.
- (b) On and after January 1, 2007, no person or entity shall provide
- 133 nursing facility management services in this state without obtaining a

- 134 certificate from the Department of Public Health.
- (c) Any person or entity seeking a certificate to provide nursing facility management services shall apply to the department, in writing,
- on a form prescribed by the department. Such application shall include
- the following information:
- (1) The name and business address of the applicant and whether the
- 140 applicant is an individual, partnership, corporation or other legal
- 141 entity;
- 142 (2) A description of the applicant's nursing facility management
- 143 experience;
- 144 (3) An affidavit signed by the applicant disclosing any matter in
- which the applicant has been convicted of an offense classified as a
- 146 felony under section 53a-25 of the general statutes or pleaded nolo
- 147 contendere to a felony charge, or held liable or enjoined in a civil
- action by final judgment, if the felony or civil action involved fraud,
- 149 embezzlement, fraudulent conversion or misappropriation of
- property; or is subject to a currently effective injunction or restrictive
- or remedial order of a court of record at the time of application, within
- the past five years has had any state or federal license or permit
- 153 suspended or revoked as a result of an action brought by a
- 154 governmental agency or department, arising out of or relating to
- business activity or health care, including, but not limited to, actions
- affecting the operation of a nursing facility, residential care home or
- any facility subject to sections 17b-520 to 17b-535, inclusive, of the
- general statutes, or a similar statute in another state or country; and
- 159 (4) The location and description of any nursing facility in which the
- 160 applicant currently provides management services or has provided
- such services within the past five years.
- (d) In addition to the information provided pursuant to subsection
- 163 (c) of this section, the department may reasonably request to review
- 164 the applicant's audited and certified financial statements, which shall

remain the property of the applicant when used for either initial or renewal certification under this section.

- (e) Each application for a certificate to provide nursing facility management services shall be accompanied by an application fee of three hundred dollars. The certificate shall list each location at which nursing facility management services may be provided by the holder of the certificate.
- (f) The department shall base its decision on whether to issue or renew a certificate on the information presented to the department and on the compliance status of the managed entities. The department may deny certification to any applicant for the provision of nursing facility management services at any specific facility or facilities where there has been a substantial failure to comply with the Public Health Code.
- (g) Renewal applications shall be made biennially after (1) submission of the information required by subsection (c) of this section and any other information required by the department pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, and (2) submission of evidence satisfactory to the department that any nursing facility at which the applicant provides nursing facility management services is in substantial compliance with the provisions of chapter 368v of the general statutes, the Public Health Code and licensing regulations, and (3) payment of a three-hundred-dollar fee.
- (h) In any case in which the Commissioner of Public Health finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the requirements established under this section, the commissioner may initiate disciplinary action against a nursing facility management services certificate holder pursuant to section 19a-494 of the general statutes.
- 194 (i) The department may limit or restrict the provision of 195 management services by any nursing facility management services 196 certificate holder against whom disciplinary action has been initiated

- 197 under subsection (h) of this section."
- Strike sections 35 and 36 in their entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:
- "Sec. 35. Subdivision (19) of section 19a-175 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (19) "Management service" means an <u>employment</u> organization [which] that does not own or lease ambulances or other emergency medical vehicles and that provides emergency medical technicians or paramedics to [any entity including an ambulance service but does not include a commercial ambulance service or a volunteer or municipal ambulance service] an emergency medical service organization.
- Sec. 36. Section 19a-180 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) No person shall operate any ambulance service, rescue service or management service without either a license or a certificate issued by the commissioner. No person shall operate a commercial ambulance service or commercial rescue service or a management service without a license issued by the commissioner. A certificate shall be issued to any volunteer or municipal ambulance service which shows proof satisfactory to the commissioner that it meets the minimum standards of the commissioner in the areas of training, equipment and personnel. Applicants for a license shall use the forms prescribed by the commissioner and shall submit such application to the commissioner accompanied by an annual fee of one hundred dollars. In considering requests for approval of permits for new or expanded emergency medical services in any region, the commissioner shall consult with the Office of Emergency Medical Services and the emergency medical services council of such region and shall hold a public hearing to determine the necessity for such services. Written notice of such hearing shall be given to current providers in the geographic region where such new or expanded services would be implemented,

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provided, any volunteer ambulance service which elects not to levy charges for services rendered under this chapter shall be exempt from the provisions concerning requests for approval of permits for new or expanded emergency medical services set forth in this subsection. A primary service area responder in a municipality in which the applicant operates or proposes to operate shall, upon request, be granted intervenor status with opportunity for cross-examination. Each applicant for licensure shall furnish proof of financial responsibility which the commissioner deems sufficient to satisfy any claim. The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to establish satisfactory kinds of coverage and limits of insurance for each applicant for either licensure or certification. Until such regulations are adopted, the following shall be the required limits for licensure: (1) For damages by reason of personal injury to, or the death of, one person on account of any accident, at least five hundred thousand dollars, and more than one person on account of any accident, at least one million dollars, (2) for damage to property at least fifty thousand dollars, and (3) for malpractice in the care of one passenger at least two hundred fifty thousand dollars, and for more than one passenger at least five hundred thousand dollars. In lieu of the limits set forth in subdivisions (1) to (3), inclusive, of this subsection, a single limit of liability shall be allowed as follows: (A) For damages by reason of personal injury to, or death of, one or more persons and damage to property, at least one million dollars; and (B) for malpractice in the care of one or more passengers, at least five hundred thousand dollars. A certificate of such proof shall be filed with the commissioner. Upon determination by the commissioner that an applicant is financially responsible, properly certified and otherwise qualified to operate a commercial ambulance service, <u>rescue service or</u> management service, the commissioner shall issue [a] the appropriate license effective for one year to such applicant. If the commissioner determines that an applicant for either a certificate or license is not so qualified, the commissioner shall notify such applicant of the denial of the application with a statement of the reasons for such denial. Such applicant shall have thirty days to request a hearing on the denial of

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(b) Any person, management service organization or emergency medical service organization which does not maintain standards or violates regulations adopted under any section of this chapter applicable to such person or organization may have such person's or organization's license or certification suspended or revoked or may be subject to any other disciplinary action specified in section 19a-17 after notice by certified mail to such person or organization of the facts or conduct which warrant the intended action. Such person or emergency medical service organization shall have an opportunity to show compliance with all requirements for the retention of such certificate or license. In the conduct of any investigation by the commissioner of alleged violations of the standards or regulations adopted under the provisions of this chapter, the commissioner may issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the production by any medical service organization or person of reports, records, tapes or other documents which concern the allegations under investigation. All records obtained by the commissioner in connection with any such investigation shall not be subject to the provisions of section 1-210, as amended, for a period of six months from the date of the petition or other event initiating such investigation, or until such time as the investigation is terminated pursuant to a withdrawal or other informal disposition or until a hearing is convened pursuant to chapter 54, whichever is earlier. A complaint, as defined in subdivision (6) of section 19a-13, shall be subject to the provisions of section 1-210, as <u>amended</u>, from the time that it is served or mailed to the respondent. Records which are otherwise public records shall not be deemed confidential merely because they have been obtained in connection with an investigation under this chapter.

(c) Any person, management service organization or emergency medical service organization aggrieved by an act or decision of the commissioner regarding certification or licensure may appeal in the manner provided by chapter 54.

(d) Any person guilty of any of the following acts shall be fined not more than two hundred fifty dollars, or imprisoned not more than three months, or be both fined and imprisoned: (1) In any application to the commissioner or in any proceeding before or investigation made by the commissioner, knowingly making any false statement or representation, or, with knowledge of its falsity, filing or causing to be filed any false statement or representation in a required application or statement; (2) issuing, circulating or publishing or causing to be issued, circulated or published any form of advertisement or circular for the purpose of soliciting business which contains any statement that is false or misleading, or otherwise likely to deceive a reader thereof, with knowledge that it contains such false, misleading or deceptive statement; (3) giving or offering to give anything of value to any person for the purpose of promoting or securing ambulance or rescue service business or obtaining favors relating thereto; (4) administering or causing to be administered, while serving in the capacity of an employee of any licensed ambulance or rescue service, any alcoholic liquor to any patient in such employee's care, except under the supervision and direction of a licensed physician; (5) in any respect wilfully violating or failing to comply with any provision of this chapter or wilfully violating, failing, omitting or neglecting to obey or comply with any regulation, order, decision or license, or any part or provisions thereof; (6) with one or more other persons, conspiring to violate any license or order issued by the commissioner or any provision of this chapter.

- (e) No person shall place any advertisement or produce any printed matter that holds that person out to be an ambulance service unless such person is licensed or certified pursuant to this section. Any such advertisement or printed matter shall include the license or certificate number issued by the commissioner.
- (f) Each licensed or certified ambulance service shall secure and maintain medical control, as defined in section 19a-179 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, by a sponsor hospital, as defined in said section 19a-179, for all its emergency medical personnel, whether

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331 <u>such personnel are employed by the ambulance service or a</u> 332 <u>management service.</u>

- (g) Each applicant whose request for new or expanded emergency medical services is approved shall, not later than six months after the date of such approval, acquire the necessary resources, equipment and other material necessary to comply with the terms of the approval and operate in the service area identified in the application. If the applicant fails to do so, the approval for new or expanded medical services shall be void and the commissioner shall rescind the approval.
- (h) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, any volunteer or municipal ambulance service that is licensed or certified and is a primary service area responder may apply to the commissioner to add one emergency vehicle to its existing fleet every three years, on a short form application prescribed by the commissioner. No such volunteer or municipal ambulance service may add more than one emergency vehicle to its existing fleet pursuant to this subsection regardless of the number of municipalities served by such volunteer or municipal ambulance service. Upon making such application, the applicant shall notify in writing all other primary service area responders in any municipality in which the applicant proposes to add the additional emergency vehicle. Except in the case where a primary service area responder entitled to receive notification of such application objects, in writing, to the commissioner not later than fifteen calendar days after receiving such notice, the application shall be deemed approved thirty calendar days after filing. If any such primary service area responder files an objection with the commissioner within the fifteen calendar day time-period and requests a hearing, the applicant shall be required to demonstrate need at a public hearing as required under subsection (a) of this section.
- (i) The commissioner shall develop a short form application for primary service area responders seeking to add an emergency vehicle to its existing fleet pursuant to subsection (h) of this section. The application shall require the applicant to provide such information as

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the commissioner deems necessary, including, but not limited to, (1) 364

- 365 the applicant's name and address, (2) the primary service area where
- 366 the additional vehicle is proposed, (3) an explanation as to why the
- additional vehicle is necessary and its proposed use, (4) proof of 367
- 368 insurance, (5) a list of the providers to whom notice was sent pursuant
- 369 to subsection (h) of this section and proof of such notification, and (6)
- 370 total call volume, response time and calls passed within the primary
- 371 service area for the one year period preceding the date of the
- 372 application."
- 373 Strike section 41 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu
- 374 thereof:
- "Sec. 41. (NEW) (Effective from passage) On or before October 1, 2006, 375
- 376 the Department of Public Health shall publish guidelines establishing
- 377 mold abatement protocols that include acceptable methods for
- 378 performing mold remediation or abatement work. Such guidelines
- 379 shall not be deemed to be regulations, as defined in section 4-166 of the
- 380 general statutes."
- 381 Strike section 42 in its entirety and renumber remaining sections
- 382 and internal references accordingly
- 383 Strike section 43 in its entirety and insert the following in lieu
- 384 thereof:
- 385 "Sec. 43. Subsection (c) of section 19a-127l of the 2006 supplement to
- 386 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 387 thereof (Effective October 1, 2006):
- 388 (c) (1) There is established a Quality of Care Advisory Committee
- 389 which shall advise the Department of Public Health on the issues set
- 390 forth in subdivisions (1) to (12), inclusive, of subsection (b) of this
- 391 section. The advisory committee shall meet at least quarterly.
- 392 (2) Said committee shall create a standing subcommittee on best
- 393 practices. The subcommittee shall (A) advise the department on

effective methods for sharing with providers the quality improvement information learned from the department's review of reports and corrective action plans, including quality improvement practices, patient safety issues and preventative strategies, [and] (B) not later than January 1, 2006, review and make recommendations concerning best practices with respect to when breast cancer screening should be conducted using comprehensive ultrasound screening or mammogram examinations, and (C) not later than January 1, 2008, study and make recommendations to the department concerning best practices with respect to communications between a patient's primary care provider and other providers involved in a patient's care, including hospitalists and specialists. The department shall, at least quarterly, disseminate information regarding quality improvement practices, patient safety issues and preventative strategies to the subcommittee and hospitals."

- After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and internal references accordingly:
- "Sec. 501. Subsection (g) of section 19a-490 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (g) "Mental health facility" means any (1) facility for the care or treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed [adults, or any] persons, (2) mental health outpatient treatment facility that provides treatment to persons sixteen years of age or older who are receiving services from the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, [but] and (3) mental health outpatient treatment or day treatment facility that provides treatment to persons who are receiving services from the Department of Children and Families. "Mental health facility" does not include family care homes for the mentally ill.
- Sec. 502. Section 20-65i of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- A license to practice athletic training shall not be required of: (1) A practitioner who is licensed or certified by a state agency and is

performing services within the scope of practice for which such person is licensed or certified; (2) a student intern or trainee pursuing a course of study in athletic training, provided the activities of such student intern or trainee are performed under the supervision of a person licensed to practice athletic training and the student intern or trainee is given the title of "athletic trainer intern", or similar designation; (3) a person employed or volunteering as a coach of amateur sports who provides first aid for athletic injuries to athletes being coached by such person; (4) a person who furnishes assistance in an emergency; or (5) a person who acts as an athletic trainer in this state for less than thirty days per calendar year and who is licensed as an athletic trainer by another state or is certified by the [National Athletic Trainers' Association] Board of Certification, Inc., or its successor organization.

- Sec. 503. Section 20-65j of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
 - (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, an applicant for a license to practice athletic training shall have: (1) A baccalaureate degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher education, or from an institution of higher learning located outside of the United States that is legally chartered to grant postsecondary degrees in the country in which such institution is located; and (2) current certification as an athletic trainer by the [National Athletic Trainers' Association] Board of Certification, Inc., or its successor organization.
 - (b) An applicant for licensure to practice athletic training by endorsement shall present evidence satisfactory to the commissioner (1) of licensure or certification as an athletic trainer, or as a person entitled to perform similar services under a different designation, in another state having requirements for practicing in such capacity that are substantially similar to or higher than the requirements in force in this state, and (2) that there is no disciplinary action or unresolved complaint pending against such applicant.

(c) [For the period from the effective date of this section to one year from said date] Prior to April 30, 2007, the commissioner shall grant a license as an athletic trainer to any applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of (1) the continuous providing of services as an athletic trainer since October 1, 1979, or (2) certification as an athletic trainer by the [National Athletic Trainers' Association] Board of Certification, Inc., or its successor organization.

- Sec. 504. Section 20-65k of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) The commissioner shall grant a license to practice athletic training to an applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of having met the requirements of section 20-65j. An application for such license shall be made on a form required by the commissioner. The fee for an initial license under this section shall be one hundred fifty dollars.
 - (b) A license to practice athletic training may be renewed in accordance with the provisions of section 19a-88, <u>as amended</u>, provided any licensee applying for license renewal shall maintain certification as an athletic trainer by the [National Athletic Trainers' Association] Board of Certification, Inc., or its successor organization. The fee for such renewal shall be one hundred dollars.
 - Sec. 505. (NEW) (Effective from passage) The Department of Public Health may take any action set forth in section 19a-17 of the general statutes if a person issued a license pursuant to section 20-65k of the general statutes, as amended by this act, fails to conform to the accepted standards of the athletic trainer profession, including, but not limited to, the following: Conviction of a felony; fraud or deceit in the practice of athletic training; illegal, negligent, incompetent or wrongful conduct in professional activities; emotional disorder or mental illness; physical illness including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process; abuse or excessive use of drugs, including alcohol, narcotics or chemicals; wilful falsification of entries into any patient

490 record pertaining to athletic training; misrepresentation 491 concealment of a material fact in the obtaining or reinstatement of an 492 athletic trainer license; or violation of any provisions of chapter 375a of 493 the general statutes, or any regulation adopted under said chapter 494 375a. The Commissioner of Public Health may order a license holder to 495 submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the license 496 holder's physical or mental capacity to practice safely is the subject of 497 an investigation. The commissioner may petition the superior court for 498 the judicial district of Hartford to enforce such order or any action 499 taken pursuant to section 19a-17 of the general statutes. Notice of any 500 contemplated action under said section 19a-17, the cause of the action 501 and the date of a hearing on the action shall be given and an 502 opportunity for hearing afforded in accordance with the provisions of 503 chapter 54 of the general statutes.

Sec. 506. Section 20-71 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (a) The Department of Public Health may issue a license to practice physical therapy without examination, on payment of a fee of two hundred twenty-five dollars, to an applicant who is a physical therapist registered or licensed under the laws of any other state or territory of the United States, any province of Canada or any other country, if the requirements for registration or licensure of physical therapists in such state, territory, province or country were, at the time of application, similar to or higher than the requirements in force in this state.
- (b) The department may issue a physical therapist assistant license without examination, on payment of a fee of one hundred fifty dollars, to an applicant who [: (1) Is] is a physical therapist assistant registered or licensed under the laws of any other state or territory of the United States, any province of Canada or any other country, if the requirements for registration or licensure of physical therapist assistants in such state, territory, province or country were, at the time of application, similar to or higher than the requirements in force in

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523 this state. [; (2) was eligible for registration as a physical therapist 524 assistant before the later of October 1, 2000, or the date notice is 525 published by the Commissioner of Public Health in the Connecticut 526 Law Journal indicating that the licensing of athletic trainers and 527 physical therapist assistants is being implemented by 528 commissioner; or (3) as of July 1, 2000, (A) is a graduate of an approved United States physical therapy school, approved by the 529 530 Board of Examiners for Physical Therapists, with the consent of the 531 Commissioner of Public Health, or (B) has completed twenty years of 532 employment as a physical therapist assistant prior to October 1, 1989.

- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20-70, prior to April 30, 2007, the commissioner may issue a physical therapist assistant license to any applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of having completed twenty years of employment as a physical therapist assistant prior to October 1, 1989, on payment of a fee of one hundred fifty dollars.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20-70, the commissioner may issue a physical therapist assistant license to any applicant who presents evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of having registered as a physical therapist assistant with the Department of Public Health on or before April 1, 2006, on payment of a fee of one hundred fifty dollars.
- Sec. 507. Section 20-195dd of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
 - (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, an applicant for a license as a professional counselor shall submit evidence satisfactory to the Commissioner of Public Health of having:

 (1) Completed sixty graduate semester hours deemed to be in or related to the discipline of [professional] counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors, or its successor organization, at a regionally accredited institution of higher education, which included the core and clinical curriculum of the Council for Accreditation of

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Counseling and Related Educational Programs and preparation in principles of etiology, diagnosis, treatment planning and prevention of mental and emotional disorders and dysfunctional behavior; [, and has] (2) earned, from a regionally accredited institution of higher education [with a major deemed to be in the discipline of professional counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors or its successor organization, either (A) a master's degree of at least fortytwo graduate semester hours [or] with a major deemed to be in the discipline of counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors or its successor organization, (B) a master's degree with a major in social work, marriage and family therapy, counseling, psychology or a related mental health field and a sixth-year degree deemed to be in the discipline of counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors or its successor organization, or [(B)] (C) a doctoral degree with a major deemed to be in the discipline of counseling by the National Board for Certified Counselors or its successor organization; [(2)] (3) acquired three thousand hours of postgraduate-degree-supervised experience in the practice of professional counseling, performed over a period of not less than one year, that included a minimum of one hundred hours of direct supervision by (A) a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 370 who has obtained certification in psychiatry from the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, (B) a psychologist licensed pursuant to chapter 383, (C) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed pursuant to chapter 378 and certified as a clinical specialist in adult psychiatric and mental health nursing with the American Nurses Credentialing Center, (D) a marital and family therapist licensed pursuant to chapter 383a, (E) a clinical social worker licensed pursuant to chapter 383b, (F) a professional counselor licensed, or prior to October 1, 1998, eligible for licensure, pursuant to section 20-195cc, or (G) a physician certified in psychiatry by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, psychologist, advanced practice registered nurse certified as a clinical specialist in adult psychiatric and mental health nursing with the American Nurses Credentialing Center, marital and family therapist, clinical social worker or professional counselor licensed or certified as such or as a

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590 person entitled to perform similar services, under a different designation, in another state or jurisdiction whose requirements for 592 practicing in such capacity are substantially similar to or higher than 593 those of this state; and [(3)] (4) passed an examination prescribed by 594 the commissioner.

- (b) Prior to December 30, 2001, an applicant for a license as a professional counselor may, in lieu of the requirements set forth in subsection (a) of this section, submit evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of having: (A) Earned at least a thirty-hour master's degree, sixth-year degree or doctoral degree from a regionally accredited institution of higher education with a major in social work, marriage and family therapy, counseling, psychology or forensic psychology; (B) practiced professional counseling for a minimum of two years within a five-year period immediately preceding application; and (C) passed an examination prescribed by the commissioner.
- (c) An applicant for licensure by endorsement shall present evidence satisfactory to the commissioner that the applicant is licensed or certified as a professional counselor, or as a person entitled to perform similar services under a different designation, in another state or jurisdiction whose requirements for practicing in such capacity are substantially similar to or higher than those of this state and that there are no disciplinary actions or unresolved complaints pending.
- Sec. 508. (Effective from passage) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20-195cc of the general statutes and section 20-195dd of the general statutes, as amended by this act, during the period commencing on the effective date of this section and ending thirty days after said effective date, the commissioner shall grant a license as a professional counselor to any applicant who furnishes evidence satisfactory to the Commissioner of Public Health that the applicant has (1) earned a doctoral degree in psychology prior to 1983, (2) completed at least nine semester hours in counseling or counseling related coursework from a regionally accredited institution of higher

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education, (3) passed an examination prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health, and (4) acquired three thousand hours of postgraduate supervised experience in the practice of professional counseling, performed over a period of not less than one year, that included a minimum of one hundred hours of direct supervision by a professional counselor licensed pursuant to section 20-195cc of the general statutes.

- Sec. 509. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) For purposes of this section and section 510 of this act:
- 632 (1) "Drugs" means (A) substances recognized as drugs in the official 633 United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of 634 the United States, or official National Formulary, or any supplement to 635 any of said publications; (B) substances intended for use in the 636 diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man 637 or animals; (C) substances, other than food, intended to affect the 638 structure or any function of the body of man or animals; and (D) 639 substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in 640 subparagraph (A), (B) or (C) of this subdivision. "Drugs" does not 641 include devices or their components, parts or accessories;
 - (2) "Controlled drugs" means those drugs which contain any quantity of a substance which has been designated as subject to the federal Controlled Substances Act, or which has been designated as a depressant or stimulant drug pursuant to federal food and drug laws, or which has been designated by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection pursuant to section 21a-243 of the general statutes, as having a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect upon the higher functions of the central nervous system and as having a tendency to promote abuse or psychological or physiological dependence, or both. Such controlled drugs are classifiable as amphetamine-type, barbiturate-type, cannabis-type, cocaine-type, hallucinogenic, morphine-type and other stimulant and depressant drugs. "Controlled drugs" does not include alcohol, nicotine or caffeine;

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(3) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance or immediate precursor in schedules I to V, inclusive, of the Connecticut controlled substance scheduling regulations adopted pursuant to section 21a-243 of the general statutes. "Controlled substance" does not include alcohol, nicotine or caffeine.

(b) Upon declaration of an emergency by the Governor or the Governor's authorized representative having authority to declare emergencies, a hospital pharmacy, pharmacy or registrant authorized by state or federal law to be in possession of controlled substances may, in accordance with applicable federal regulations, policies and guidelines and with prior approval of the Commissioner of Consumer Protection, transfer or distribute drugs or controlled drugs to a licensed pharmacy, a registrant authorized by state or federal law to be in possession of controlled substances, or a location authorized by the commissioner. Such registrant shall record the transfer accurately and in compliance with all state and federal statutes and regulations and shall report the transfer, in writing, to the commissioner.

Sec. 510. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) Each licensed wholesaler that distributes prescription drugs, including licensed repackagers and original licensed manufacturers of the finished form of controlled drugs or noncontrolled prescription drug products, shall provide the Commissioner of Consumer Protection an inventory report regarding such wholesaler's on-hand inventory of specifically identified prescription drugs, in all forms and strengths.

(b) (1) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall establish a list of strategic prescription drugs for which reporting is required pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The list shall include, but not be limited to, selected vaccines and antibiotic products. The list shall be based on priorities established by the commissioner after consultation with the Commissioner of Public Health. The list shall be based upon anticipated medication requirements for public health preparedness, pharmacological-terrorism prevention or response, and medication and economic integrity and shall be issued biannually,

689 indicating any additions, substitutions or deletions that have been 690 made to such list since it was last issued.

- (2) An inventory report made pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall include, but not be limited to, (A) the name, address, town and state of the wholesaler and manufacturer, (B) the name of the prescription drug, (C) the quantity of the drug on hand, including the size of each container and number of containers, and (D) the date of the report. Such information shall be reported at such time and in a manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection.
- 698 (c) Information provided by licensed wholesalers pursuant to this 699 section shall not be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of 700 Information Act, as defined in section 1-200 of the general statutes, and 701 shall be available only to the Department of Consumer Protection, the 702 Department of Public Health, the Office of Emergency Management 703 and such other agencies or entities as the Commissioner of Consumer 704 Protection determines, after request by such agency or entity and 705 demonstration of a need for the information for purposes of public 706 preparedness, pharmacological-terrorism prevention 707 response, medication integrity or such other purpose deemed 708 appropriate by the commissioner.
 - (d) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection, with the advice and assistance of the Commission of Pharmacy, may adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (e) Any person who violates the provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.
- Sec. 511. (*Effective from passage*) (a) The Commissioner of Public Health shall establish an ad hoc committee for the purpose of assisting the commissioner in examining and evaluating statutory and regulatory changes to improve health care through access to school based health centers, particularly by persons who are underinsured,

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uninsured or receiving services under the state Medicaid program. The committee shall hold its first meeting not later than July 15, 2006. The committee shall focus on improving school based resources, facilitating access to school based health centers and identifying or recommending appropriate fiscal support for the operational and capital activities of school based health centers. The committee shall also assess the current school based health center system, with particular focus on (1) expansion of existing services in order to achieve the school based health center model, (2) supportive processes necessary for such expansion, including the development and use of unified data systems, (3) identifying geographical areas of need, (4) financing necessary to sustain an expanded system, and (5) availability of services under the current system and under an expanded system. Other topics may be included at the discretion of the commissioner and the committee.

- (b) (1) The ad hoc committee shall consist of the Commissioners of Public Health and Social Services, or their designees, and the following members appointed by the Commissioner of Public Health (A) two employees of the Department of Public Health, (B) one employee of the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services recommended by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, (C) one employee of the Office of Policy and Management recommended by the Office of Policy and Management, and (D) three school based health center providers recommended by the Connecticut Association of School Based Health Centers.
- 746 (2) The Commissioner of Public Health may expand the 747 membership of the ad hoc committee to include representatives from 748 related fields if the commissioner decides such expansion would be 749 useful.
 - (c) On or before December 1, 2006, the Commissioner of Public Health shall submit, in accordance with section 11-4a of the general statutes, the results of the examination, with specific recommendations for any necessary statutory or regulatory changes, to the Governor and

754 the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having 755 cognizance of matters relating to public health.

- 756 Sec. 512. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) The Department of Public 757 Health within available appropriations, establish 758 comprehensive cancer plan for the state of Connecticut. Such plan shall 759 provide for (1) creation of a state-wide smoking cessation program 760 targeting Medicaid recipients, (2) development and implementation of 761 a program to encourage colorectal screenings for state residents, (3) 762 development and implementation of a state-wide clinical trials 763 network, (4) identification of services for, and provision of assistance 764 to, cancer survivors, and (5) identification of, and the provision of 765 services to, organizations that offer educational programs on hospice 766 or palliative care.
- Sec. 513. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) As used in this section, "clinical laboratory" has the same meaning as provided in section 19a-30 of the general statutes, and "patient" does not include any person under eighteen years of age.
 - (b) Beginning September 1, 2006:

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- (1) Each physician licensed under chapter 370 of the general statutes shall order a serum creatinine test as part of each patient's annual physical examination if the patient has not submitted to such test within the one-year period preceding the annual physical examination. The order shall include a notification that the test is being ordered pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision.
 - (2) Each short term acute care hospital licensed in this state shall order a serum creatinine test for each patient admitted to the hospital if the patient has not submitted to such test within the one-year period preceding such hospitalization. The order shall include a notification that the test is being ordered pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision.
- 784 (3) Any person, firm or corporation operating a clinical laboratory

785 licensed in this state shall ensure that when the clinical laboratory tests 786 a specimen to determine a patient's serum creatinine level, as ordered 787 or prescribed by a physician or provider in a short-term acute care hospital pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection, the 788 clinical laboratory shall (A) calculate the patient's estimated 789 790 glomerular filtration rate using the patient's age and gender, which 791 information shall be provided to the clinical laboratory by the 792 physician or a provider in a hospital, and (B) include the patient's 793 estimated glomerular filtration rate with its report to the physician or 794 provider in a hospital.

(4) A person, firm or corporation operating a clinical laboratory licensed in this state shall be deemed in compliance with subdivision (3) of this subsection if the clinical laboratory makes available to the ordering physician or provider in a hospital test order codes for serum creatinine that include estimated glomerular filtration rate.

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- Sec. 514. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2006*) Each public golf course, as defined in section 30-33 of the general statutes, shall provide and maintain in a central location on the premises of the public golf course, at least one automatic external defibrillator, as defined in section 19a-175 of the general statutes.
 - Sec. 515. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) (a) As used in this section, "Alzheimer's special care unit or program" means any nursing facility, residential care home, assisted living facility, adult congregate living facility, adult day care center, hospice or adult foster home that locks, secures, segregates or provides a special program or unit for residents with a diagnosis of probable Alzheimer's disease, dementia or other similar disorder, in order to prevent or limit access by a resident outside the designated or separated area, and that advertises or markets the facility as providing specialized care or services for persons suffering from Alzheimer's disease or dementia.
- (b) On and after January 1, 2007, each Alzheimer's special care unit or program shall provide written disclosure to any person who will be

placed in such a unit or program or to that person's legal representative or other responsible party. Such disclosure shall be signed by the patient or responsible party and shall explain what additional care and treatment or specialized program will be provided in the Alzheimer's special care unit or program that is distinct from the care and treatment required by applicable licensing rules and regulations, including, but not limited to:

- (1) Philosophy. A written statement of the overall philosophy and mission of the Alzheimer's special care unit or program that reflects the needs of residents with Alzheimer's disease, dementia or other similar disorders.
- (2) Preadmission, admission and discharge. The process and criteria for placement within or transfer or discharge from the Alzheimer's special care unit or program.
- (3) Assessment, care planning and implementation. The process used for assessing and establishing and implementing the plan of care, including the method by which the plan of care is modified in response to changes in condition.
- 835 (4) Staffing patterns and training ratios. The nature and extent of 836 staff coverage, including staff to patient ratios and staff training and 837 continuing education.
- (5) Physical environment. The physical environment and design features appropriate to support the functioning of cognitively impaired adult residents.
- 841 (6) Residents' activities. The frequency and types of resident 842 activities and the ratio of residents to recreation staff.
- 843 (7) Family role in care. The involvement of families and family support programs.
- 845 (8) Program costs. The cost of care and any additional fees.

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(c) Each Alzheimer's special care unit or program shall develop a standard disclosure form for compliance with subsection (b) of this section and shall annually review and verify the accuracy of the information provided by Alzheimer's special care units or programs. Each Alzheimer's special care unit or program shall update any significant changes to the information reported pursuant to subsection (b) of this section not later than thirty days after such change.

Sec. 516. (NEW) (Effective from passage) Each Alzheimer's special care unit or program shall annually provide Alzheimer's and dementia specific training to all licensed and registered direct care staff who provide direct patient care to residents enrolled in Alzheimer's special care units or programs. Such requirements shall include, but not limited to, (1) not less than eight hours of dementia-specific training, which shall be completed not later than six months after the date of employment and not less than three hours of such training annually thereafter, and (2) annual training of not less than two hours in pain recognition and administration of pain management techniques for direct care staff.

- Sec. 517. Subsection (f) of section 28-25b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (f) On and after January 1, 2001, each public safety answering point shall submit to the office, on a quarterly basis, a report of [the calls for emergency medical services received all calls for services received through the 9-1-1 system by the public safety answering point. Such report shall include, but not be limited to, the following information: (1) The number of 9-1-1 calls during the reporting quarter; [that involved a medical emergency; and (2) for each such call, the elapsed time period from the time the call was received to the time the call was answered, and the elapsed time period from the time the call was answered to the time [emergency response services were dispatched or] the call was transferred or [relayed to another public safety agency or private safety agency] terminated, expressed in time ranges or

fractile response times. The information required under this subsection may be submitted in any written or electronic form selected by such public safety answering point and approved by the Commissioner of Public Safety, provided the commissioner shall take into consideration the needs of such public safety answering point in approving such written or electronic form. On a quarterly basis, the office shall [furnish such information to the Commissioner of Public Health, shall make such information available to the public and shall post such information on its web site on the Internet.

Sec. 518. Subdivision (9) of section 19a-177 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (9) (A) Establish rates for the conveyance of patients by licensed ambulance services and invalid coaches and establish emergency service rates for certified ambulance services, provided (i) the present rates established for such services and vehicles shall remain in effect until such time as the commissioner establishes a new rate schedule as provided in this subdivision, and (ii) any rate increase not in excess of the Medical Care Services Consumer Price Index, as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, for the prior year, filed in accordance with subparagraph (B)(iii) of this subdivision shall be deemed approved by the commissioner.
- (B) Adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, establishing methods for setting rates and conditions for charging such rates. Such regulations shall include, but not be limited to, provisions requiring that on and after July 1, 2000: (i) Requests for rate increases may be filed no more frequently than once a year, except that, in any case where an agency's schedule of maximum allowable rates falls below that of the Medicare allowable rates for that agency, the commissioner shall immediately amend such schedule so that the rates are at or above the Medicare allowable rates; (ii) only licensed ambulance services and certified ambulance services that apply for a rate increase in excess of the Medical Care Services Consumer Price

Index, as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, for the prior year, and do not accept the maximum allowable rates contained in any voluntary state-wide rate schedule established by the commissioner for the rate application year shall be required to file detailed financial information with the commissioner, provided any hearing that the commissioner may hold concerning such application shall be conducted as a contested case in accordance with chapter 54; (iii) licensed ambulance services and certified ambulance services that do not apply for a rate increase in any year in excess of the Medical Care Services Consumer Price Index, as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, for the prior year, or that accept the maximum allowable rates contained in any voluntary state-wide rate schedule established by the commissioner for the rate application year shall, not later than July fifteenth of such year, file with the commissioner a statement of emergency and nonemergency call volume, and, in the case of a licensed ambulance service or certified ambulance service that is not applying for a rate increase, a written declaration by such licensed ambulance service or certified ambulance service that no change in its currently approved maximum allowable rates will occur for the rate application year; and (iv) detailed financial and operational information filed by licensed ambulance services and certified ambulance services to support a request for a rate increase in excess of the Medical Care Services Consumer Price Index, as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, for the prior year, shall cover the time period pertaining to the most recently completed fiscal year and the rate application year of the licensed ambulance service or certified ambulance service.

(C) Establish rates for licensed ambulance services and certified ambulance services for the following services and conditions: (i) "Advanced life support assessment" and "specialty care transports", which terms shall have the meaning provided in 42 CFR 414.605; and (ii) intramunicipality mileage, which means mileage for an ambulance transport when the point of origin and final destination for a transport

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is within the boundaries of the same municipality. The rates established by the commissioner for each such service or condition shall be equal to (I) the ambulance service's base rate plus its established advanced life support/paramedic surcharge when advanced life support assessment services are performed; (II) two hundred twenty-five per cent of the ambulance service's established base rate for specialty care transports; and (III) "loaded mileage", as the term is defined in 42 CFR 414.605, multiplied by the ambulance service's established rate for intramunicipality mileage. Such rates shall remain in effect until such time as the commissioner establishes a new rate schedule as provided in this subdivision.

- (D) Issue rate schedules for licensed and certified ambulance services in the state based on the most current Medicare authorized levels of service. Maximum allowable rates established by the commissioner for such services shall not be less than the Medicare allowable rates for each category of service.
- Sec. 519. Subsection (b) of section 19a-80 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (b) Upon receipt of an application for a license, the Commissioner of Public Health shall issue such license if, upon inspection and investigation, he finds that the applicant, the facilities and the program meet the health, educational and social needs of children likely to attend the child day care center or group day care home and comply with requirements established by regulations adopted under sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, as amended, and 19a-82 to 19a-87, inclusive. Each license except a temporary license shall be for a term of two years, shall be inalienable, may be renewed upon terms and conditions established by regulation and may be suspended or revoked after notice and an opportunity for a hearing as provided in section 19a-84 for violation of the regulations promulgated under sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, as amended, and 19a-82 to 19a-87, inclusive. The commissioner may issue a temporary license for a term

979 of six months and renewable for another six months, upon such terms 980 and conditions as shall be provided in regulations adopted under said 981 sections. The Commissioner of Public Health shall collect from the 982 licensee of a day care center a fee of two hundred dollars for each 983 license issued or renewed for a term of two years and a fee of fifty 984 dollars for each temporary license issued or renewed for a term of six 985 months. The Commissioner of Public Health shall collect from the 986 licensee of a group day care home a fee of one hundred dollars for each 987 license issued or renewed for a term of two years and a fee of thirty 988 dollars for each temporary license issued or renewed for a term of six 989 months. A child day care center shall only require one license for two 990 or more buildings if each building is operated by the same licensee and 991 the buildings are joined together by a contiguous playground that is 992 part of the licensed space.

Sec. 520. Section 53-341 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

No person engaged in the practice of any branch of the art of healing the sick or injured or professing to be engaged in such practice shall make use of the title "doctor" or any abbreviation thereof without further specification or qualification descriptive of the school or kind of practice engaged in by such person or advertise as possessing such title unless such person has received a degree of doctor of medicine or doctor of dental surgery from a reputable university or college authorized by law to confer such a degree. No person who has not been legally licensed or registered to practice any branch of the healing arts in this state shall use or advertise or permit to be used or advertised in connection with such person's name or any trade name in the conduct of any occupation or profession involving or pertaining to public health the title "doctor" or any abbreviation thereof or any designation tending to designate the capability to diagnose, treat, prevent or cure of any human disease, pain, injury, deformity or physical condition, actual or imaginary, except that any dentist who has received a degree of doctor of dental surgery from a reputable university or college authorized by law to confer such degree and who

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is licensed to practice dentistry in this state may be designated as the possessor of such degree or title. No provision of this section shall apply to any person admitted to practice under the provisions of the Medical Registration Act of 1893. Any person violating any provision of this section shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than sixty days or both.]

- (a) Except as otherwise permitted by chapters 369 to 388, inclusive, and subsection (b) of this section, no person engaged in the practice of any branch of the art of healing the sick or injured or professing to be engaged in such practice, other than a person who is licensed to practice medicine under the provisions of chapter 370, may use or imply the use of the words "physician", "surgeon", "medical doctor", "osteopath" or "doctor", or the initials "M.D.", "D.O." or "Dr.", or any similar title or description of services, with the intent to represent, or in a manner that is likely to induce the belief that, the person (1) practices medicine within the state, (2) is licensed to practice medicine within the state, or (3) may diagnose or treat any injury, deformity, ailment or disease, actual or imaginary, of another person for compensation, gain or reward.
- 1032 (b) A person who holds the degree of doctor of medicine or doctor 1033 of osteopathy, but who is not licensed to practice medicine under the provisions of chapter 370, may use the initials "M.D." or "D.O." 1034 1035 provided such initials are not used with the intent to represent, or in a 1036 manner that is likely to induce the belief that, the person (1) practices 1037 medicine within the state, (2) is licensed to practice medicine within the state, or (3) may diagnose or treat any injury, deformity, ailment or 1038 1039 disease, actual or imaginary, of another person for compensation, gain 1040 or reward.
- (c) Any person who violates the provisions of this section or section
 20-9 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, section 20-12d of
 the 2006 supplement to the general statutes or section 20-12n shall be
 fined not more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned not more than
 five years, or both. For purposes of this section, each instance of

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patient contact or consultation that is in violation of chapter 370 shall constitute a separate offense. Failure to renew a license in a timely manner shall not constitute a violation of this section.

- Sec. 521. Section 1-55 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- In a statutory short form power of attorney, the language conferring general authority with respect to all other matters shall be construed to mean that the principal authorizes the agent to act as an alter ego of the principal with respect to any matters and affairs not enumerated in sections 1-44 to [1-54a] 1-54, inclusive, and which the principal can do through an agent.
- Sec. 522. Subsection (g) of section 17a-238 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* 1059 October 1, 2006):
 - (g) The commissioner's oversight and monitoring of the medical care of persons placed or treated under the direction of the commissioner does not include the authority to make treatment decisions, except in limited circumstances in accordance with statutory procedures. In the exercise of such oversight and monitoring responsibilities, the commissioner shall not impede or seek to impede a properly executed medical order to withhold cardiopulmonary resuscitation. For purposes of this subsection, "properly executed medical order to withhold cardiopulmonary resuscitation" means (1) a written order by the attending physician; (2) in consultation and with the consent of the patient or a person authorized by law; (3) when the attending physician is of the opinion that the patient is in a terminal condition, as defined in [subdivision (3) of] section 19a-570, as amended by this act, which condition will result in death within days or weeks; and (4) when such physician has requested and obtained a second opinion from a Connecticut licensed physician in the appropriate specialty that confirms the patient's terminal condition; and includes the entry of such an order when the attending physician

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is of the opinion that the patient is in the final stage of a terminal 1078 1079 condition but cannot state that the patient may be expected to expire 1080 during the next several days or weeks, or, in consultation with a 1081 physician qualified to make a neurological diagnosis, deems the 1082 patient to be permanently unconscious, provided the commissioner 1083 has reviewed the decision with the department's director of 1084 community medical services, the family and guardian of the patient 1085 and others who the commissioner deems appropriate, and determines 1086 that the order is a medically acceptable decision.

Sec. 523. Subsection (b) of section 17a-543 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

(b) No medical or surgical procedures may be performed without the patient's written informed consent or, if the patient has been declared incapable of caring for himself or herself pursuant to sections 45a-644 to 45a-662, inclusive, as amended, and a conservator of the person has been appointed pursuant to section 45a-650, the written consent of such conservator. If the head of the hospital, in consultation with a physician, determines that the condition of an involuntary patient not declared incapable of caring for himself or herself pursuant to said sections is of an extremely critical nature and such patient is incapable of informed consent, medical or surgical procedures may be performed with the written informed consent of: (1) The patient's health care representative; (2) the patient's conservator or guardian, if he or she has one; [(2)] (3) such person's next of kin; [(3)] (4) a person designated by the patient pursuant to section 1-56r; or [(4)] (5) a qualified physician appointed by a judge of the Probate Court. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if obtaining the consent provided for in this section would cause a medically harmful delay to a voluntary or involuntary patient whose condition is of an extremely critical nature, as determined by personal observation by a physician or the senior clinician on duty, emergency treatment may be provided without consent.

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1111 Sec. 524. Subsection (a) of section 19a-279c of the general statutes is

- 1112 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 1113 October 1, 2006):
- 1114 (a) Any member of the following classes of persons, in the order of
- 1115 priority listed, may make an anatomical gift of all or a part of the
- decedent's body for an authorized purpose, unless the decedent, before
- or at the time of death, has made an unrevoked refusal to make that
- anatomical gift: (1) The spouse of the decedent; (2) a person designated
- by the decedent pursuant to section 1-56r; (3) an adult son or daughter
- of the decedent; (4) either parent of the decedent; (5) an adult brother
- 1121 or sister of the decedent; (6) a grandparent of the decedent; (7) a
- guardian of the person of the decedent at the time of death; (8) any
- 1123 person legally authorized to make health care decisions for the
- decedent prior to death, including, but not limited to, a health care
- 1125 [agent] representative appointed under section 19a-576, as amended by
- this act; and (9) a conservator of the person, as defined in section 45a-
- 1127 644, as amended.
- Sec. 525. Section 19a-570 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1130 For purposes of this section, [and] sections 19a-571 to 19a-580c,
- inclusive, as amended by this act:
- [(1) "Life support system" means any medical procedure or
- intervention which, when applied to an individual, would serve only
- to postpone the moment of death or maintain the individual in a state
- 1135 of permanent unconsciousness. In these circumstances, such
- 1136 procedures shall include, but are not limited to, mechanical or
- 1137 electronic devices including artificial means of providing nutrition or
- 1138 hydration;
- 1139 (2) "Beneficial medical treatment" includes the use of medically
- appropriate treatment including surgery, treatment, medication and
- the utilization of artificial technology to sustain life;

1142 (3) "Terminal condition" means the final stage of an incurable or 1143 irreversible medical condition which, without the administration of a 1144 life support system, will result in death within a relatively short time, 1145 in the opinion of the attending physician;

(4) "Permanently unconscious" includes permanent coma and persistent vegetative state and means an irreversible condition in which the individual is at no time aware of himself or the environment and shows no behavioral response to the environment;

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- 1150 (5) "Health care agent" means an adult person to whom authority to 1151 convey health care decisions is delegated in a written document by 1152 another adult person, known as the principal;
 - (6) "Incapacitated" means being unable to understand and appreciate the nature and consequences of health care decisions, including the benefits and disadvantages of such treatment, and to reach and communicate an informed decision regarding the treatment;
 - (7) "Living will" means a written statement in compliance with section 19a-575a containing a declarant's wishes concerning any aspect of his health care, including the withholding or withdrawal of life support systems;
- 1161 (8) "Next of kin" means any member of the following classes of 1162 persons, in the order of priority listed: (A) The spouse of the patient; 1163 (B) an adult son or daughter of the patient; (C) either parent of the 1164 patient; (D) an adult brother or sister of the patient; and (E) a 1165 grandparent of the patient;
- 1166 (9) "Attending physician" means the physician selected by, or 1167 assigned to, the patient and who has primary responsibility for the 1168 treatment and care of the patient.]
- 1169 (1) "Advance health care directive" or "advance directive" means a 1170 writing executed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, 1171 including, but not limited to, a living will, or an appointment of health

- 1172 <u>care representative, or both;</u>
- 1173 (2) "Appointment of health care representative" means a document
- executed in accordance with section 19a-575a, as amended by this act,
- or section 19a-577, as amended by this act, that appoints a health care
- 1176 representative to make health care decisions for the declarant in the
- 1177 event the declarant becomes incapacitated;
- 1178 (3) "Attending physician" means the physician selected by, or
- 1179 assigned to, the patient, who has primary responsibility for the
- 1180 treatment and care of the patient;
- 1181 (4) "Beneficial medical treatment" includes the use of medically
- appropriate treatment, including surgery, treatment, medication and
- the utilization of artificial technology to sustain life;
- 1184 (5) "Health care representative" means the individual appointed by
- a declarant pursuant to an appointment of health care representative
- 1186 for the purpose of making health care decisions on behalf of the
- 1187 declarant;
- 1188 (6) "Incapacitated" means being unable to understand and
- 1189 appreciate the nature and consequences of health care decisions,
- including the benefits and disadvantages of such treatment, and to
- reach and communicate an informed decision regarding the treatment;
- 1192 (7) "Life support system" means any medical procedure or
- intervention which, when applied to an individual, would serve only
- to postpone the moment of death or maintain the individual in a state
- 1195 of permanent unconsciousness, including, but not limited to,
- 1196 mechanical or electronic devices, including artificial means of
- 1197 providing nutrition or hydration;
- 1198 (8) "Living will" means a written statement in compliance with
- 1199 section 19a-575a, as amended by this act, containing a declarant's
- 1200 wishes concerning any aspect of his or her health care, including the
- 1201 withholding or withdrawal of life support systems;

(9) "Next of kin" means any member of the following classes of persons, in the order of priority listed: (A) The spouse of the patient;
(B) an adult son or daughter of the patient; (C) either parent of the patient; (D) an adult brother or sister of the patient; and (E) a grandparent of the patient;

- (10) "Permanently unconscious" means an irreversible condition in which the individual is at no time aware of himself or herself or the environment and shows no behavioral response to the environment and includes permanent coma and persistent vegetative state;
- 1211 (11) "Terminal condition" means the final stage of an incurable or 1212 irreversible medical condition which, without the administration of a 1213 life support system, will result in death within a relatively short period 1214 time, in the opinion of the attending physician.
- Sec. 526. Subsection (a) of section 19a-571 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
 - (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, any physician licensed under chapter 370 or any licensed medical facility who or which withholds, removes or causes the removal of a life support system of an incapacitated patient shall not be liable for damages in any civil action or subject to prosecution in any criminal proceeding for such withholding or removal, provided (1) the decision to withhold or remove such life support system is based on the best medical judgment of the attending physician in accordance with the usual and customary standards of medical practice; (2) the attending physician deems the patient to be in a terminal condition or, in consultation with a physician qualified to make a neurological diagnosis who has examined the patient, deems the patient to be permanently unconscious; and (3) the attending physician has considered the patient's wishes concerning the withholding or withdrawal of life support systems. In the determination of the wishes of the patient, the attending physician shall consider the wishes as

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expressed by a document executed in accordance with sections 19a-575 and 19a-575a, if any such document is presented to, or in the possession of, the attending physician at the time the decision to withhold or terminate a life support system is made. If the wishes of the patient have not been expressed in a living will the attending physician shall determine the wishes of the patient by consulting any statement made by the patient directly to the attending physician and, if available, the patient's health care [agent] representative, the patient's next of kin, the patient's legal guardian or conservator, if any, any person designated by the patient in accordance with section 1-56r and any other person to whom the patient has communicated his wishes, if the attending physician has knowledge of such person. All persons acting on behalf of the patient shall act in good faith. If the attending physician does not deem the incapacitated patient to be in a terminal condition or permanently unconscious, beneficial medical treatment including nutrition and hydration must be provided.

Sec. 527. Section 19a-575 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

Any person eighteen years of age or older may execute a document [which shall contain] that contains directions as to [specific life support systems which such person chooses to have administered] any aspect of health care, including the withholding or withdrawal of life support systems. Such document shall be signed and dated by the maker with at least two witnesses and may be in substantially the following form:

DOCUMENT CONCERNING <u>HEALTH CARE AND</u> WITHHOLDING OR WITHDRAWAL OF LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEMS.

If the time comes when I am incapacitated to the point when I can no longer actively take part in decisions for my own life, and am unable to direct my physician as to my own medical care, I wish this statement to stand as a testament of my wishes.

1264 "I, (Name), request that, if my condition is deemed terminal or if 1265 it is determined that I will be permanently unconscious, I be allowed to

1266 die and not be kept alive through life support systems. By terminal 1267 condition, I mean that I have an incurable or irreversible medical 1268 condition which, without the administration of life support systems, 1269 will, in the opinion of my attending physician, result in death within a 1270 relatively short time. By permanently unconscious I mean that I am in 1271 a permanent coma or persistent vegetative state which is an 1272 irreversible condition in which I am at no time aware of myself or the 1273 environment and show no behavioral response to the environment. 1274 The life support systems which I do not want include, but are not 1275 limited to: 1276 Artificial respiration 1277 Cardiopulmonary resuscitation 1278 Artificial means of providing nutrition and hydration 1279 (Cross out and initial life support systems you want administered) 1280 I do not intend any direct taking of my life, but only that my dying 1281 not be unreasonably prolonged." 1282 Other specific requests: 1283 "This request is made, after careful reflection, while I am of sound 1284 mind." 1285 (Signature) 1286 (Date) 1287 This document was signed in our presence, by the above-named 1288 (Name) who appeared to be eighteen years of age or older, of sound 1289 mind and able to understand the nature and consequences of health 1290 care decisions at the time the document was signed. 1291 (Witness) 1292 (Address) 1293 (Witness) 1294 (Address)

Sec. 528. Section 19a-575a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

(a) Any person eighteen years of age or older may execute a document [which] that contains health care instructions, the appointment of a [health care agent, the appointment of an attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] health care representative, the designation of a conservator of the person for future incapacity and a document of anatomical gift. Any such document shall be signed and dated by the maker with at least two witnesses and may be in the substantially following form:

THESE ARE MY HEALTH CARE INSTRUCTIONS. MY APPOINTMENT OF A HEALTH CARE [AGENT, MY APPOINTMENT OF AN ATTORNEY-IN-FACT FOR HEALTH CARE DECISIONS] REPRESENTATIVE, THE DESIGNATION OF MY CONSERVATOR OF THE PERSON FOR MY FUTURE INCAPACITY AND MY DOCUMENT OF ANATOMICAL GIFT

To any physician who is treating me: These are my health care instructions including those concerning the withholding or withdrawal of life support systems, together with the appointment of my health care [agent and my attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] representative, the designation of my conservator of the person for future incapacity and my document of anatomical gift. As my physician, you may rely on these health care instructions and any decision made by my health care [agent, attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] representative or conservator of my person, if I am [unable to make a decision for myself] incapacitated to the point when I can no longer actively take part in decisions for my own life, and am unable to direct my physician as to my own medical care.

I,, the author of this document, request that, if my condition is deemed terminal or if I am determined to be permanently

unconscious, I be allowed to die and not be kept alive through life support systems. By terminal condition, I mean that I have an incurable or irreversible medical condition which, without the administration of life support systems, will, in the opinion of my attending physician, result in death within a relatively short time. By permanently unconscious I mean that I am in a permanent coma or persistent vegetative state which is an irreversible condition in which I am at no time aware of myself or the environment and show no behavioral response to the environment. The life support systems which I do not want include, but are not limited to: Artificial respiration, cardiopulmonary resuscitation and artificial means of providing nutrition and hydration. I do want sufficient pain medication to maintain my physical comfort. I do not intend any direct taking of my life, but only that my dying not be unreasonably prolonged.

- I appoint to be my health care [agent and my attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] <u>representative</u>. If my attending physician determines that I am unable to understand and appreciate the nature and consequences of health care decisions and unable to reach and communicate an informed decision regarding treatment, my health care [agent and attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] <u>representative</u> is authorized to [:]
- [(1) Convey to my physician my wishes concerning the withholding or removal of life support systems;
- 1351 (2) Take whatever actions are necessary to ensure that any wishes are given effect;
- 1353 (3) Consent, refuse or withdraw consent to any medical treatment as 1354 long as such action is consistent with my wishes concerning the 1355 withholding or removal of life support systems; and
- 1356 (4) Consent to any medical treatment designed solely for the 1357 purpose of maintaining physical comfort] make any and all health care 1358 decisions for me, including the decision to accept or refuse any

treatment, service or procedure used to diagnose or treat my physical 1359 1360 or mental condition, except as otherwise provided by law, including, 1361 but not limited to, psychosurgery or shock therapy, and the decision to 1362 provide, withhold or withdraw life support systems. I direct my health 1363 care representative to make decisions on my behalf in accordance with 1364 my wishes, as stated in this document or as otherwise known to my 1365 health care representative. In the event my wishes are not clear or a 1366 situation arises that I did not anticipate, my health care representative 1367 may make a decision in my best interests, based upon what is known 1368 of my wishes. 1369 If is unwilling or unable to serve as my health care [agent and my 1370 attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] representative, I appoint 1371 to be my alternative health care [agent and my attorney-in-fact for health care decisions] representative. 1372 1373 If a conservator of my person should need to be appointed, I 1374 designate be appointed my conservator. If is unwilling or unable 1375 to serve as my conservator, I designate No bond shall be required 1376 of either of them in any jurisdiction. 1377 I hereby make this anatomical gift, if medically acceptable, to take 1378 effect upon my death. T1 I give: (check one) T2 (1) any needed organs or parts (2) only the following organs or parts T3 T4 to be donated for: (check one) T5 (1) any of the purposes stated in subsection (a) of T6 section 19a-279f of the general statutes T7 (2) these limited purposes

These requests, appointments, and designations are made after careful reflection, while I am of sound mind. Any party receiving a duly executed copy or facsimile of this document may rely upon it unless such party has received actual notice of my revocation of it.

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Date ...., 20...
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                                                                    .... L.S.
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          This document was signed in our presence by .... the author of this
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        document, who appeared to be eighteen years of age or older, of sound
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       mind and able to understand the nature and consequences of health
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       care decisions at the time this document was signed. The author
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       appeared to be under no improper influence. We have subscribed this
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       document in the author's presence and at the author's request and in
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       the presence of each other.
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        (Witness)
                                                                 (Witness)
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        (Number and Street)
                                                      (Number and Street)
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        (City, State and Zip Code)
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       STATE OF CONNECTICUT
                                          ss. ....
       COUNTY OF ....
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We, the subscribing witnesses, being duly sworn, say that we witnessed the execution of these health care instructions, the appointments of a health care [agent and an attorney-in-fact] representative, the designation of a conservator for future incapacity and a document of anatomical gift by the author of this document; that the author subscribed, published and declared the same to be the author's instructions, appointments and designation in our presence; that we thereafter subscribed the document as witnesses in the author's presence, at the author's request, and in the presence of each other; that at the time of the execution of said document the author appeared to us to be eighteen years of age or older, of sound mind, able to understand the nature and consequences of said document, and

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14021403	under no improper influence, and we make this affidavit at the author's request this day of 20
1403	author's request this day or 20
T16	
T17	(Witness) (Witness)
1404	Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of 20
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T19	Commissioner of the Superior Court
T20	Notary Public
T21	My commission expires:
1405	(Print or type name of all persons signing under all signatures)
1406	(b) Except as provided in section 19a-579b, as amended by this act,
1407	an appointment of health care representative may only be revoked by
1408	the declarant, in writing, and the writing shall be signed by the
1409	declarant and two witnesses.
1410	(c) The attending physician or other health care provider shall make
1411	the revocation of an appointment of health care representative a part of
1412	the declarant's medical record.
1413	(d) In the absence of knowledge of the revession of an appointment
1413	(d) In the absence of knowledge of the revocation of an appointment
1414	of health care representative, a person who carries out an advance directive pursuant to the provisions of chapter 368w shall not be
1415	subject to civil or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional
1417	conduct for carrying out such advance directive.
1117	conduct for earrying out such devance directive.
1418	(e) The revocation of an appointment of health care representative
1419	does not, of itself, revoke the living will of the declarant.
1420	Sec. 529. Section 19a-576 of the general statutes is repealed and the
1421	following is substituted in lieu thereof (<i>Effective October 1, 2006</i>):
1422	(a) Any person eighteen years of age or older may appoint a health

care [agent] representative by executing a document in accordance 1423 1424 with section 19a-575a, as amended by this act, or section 19a-577, as 1425 amended by this act, signed and dated by such person in the presence 1426 of two adult witnesses who shall also sign the document. The person 1427 appointed as [agent] representative shall not act as witness to the 1428 execution of such document or sign such document.

- 1429 (b) For persons who reside in facilities operated or licensed by the 1430 Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, at least one 1431 witness shall be an individual who is not affiliated with the facility and 1432 at least one witness shall be a physician or licensed clinical 1433 psychologist with specialized training in treating mental illness.
- 1434 (c) For persons who reside in facilities operated or licensed by the 1435 Department of Mental Retardation, at least one witness shall be an 1436 individual who is not affiliated with the facility and at least one 1437 witness shall be a physician or licensed clinical psychologist with 1438 specialized training in developmental disabilities.
 - (d) An operator, administrator [,] or employee of a hospital, residential care home, rest home with nursing supervision [,] or chronic and convalescent nursing home may not be appointed as a health care [agent] representative by any person who, at the time of the appointment, is a patient or a resident of, or has applied for admission to, one of the foregoing facilities. An administrator or employee of a government agency [which] that is financially responsible for a person's medical care may not be appointed as a health care [agent] representative for such person. This restriction shall not apply if such operator, administrator or employee is related to the principal by blood, marriage or adoption.
- 1450 (e) A physician shall not act as both [agent] health care 1451 <u>representative</u> for a principal and attending physician for the principal.
- 1452 Sec. 530. Section 19a-577 of the general statutes is repealed and the 1453 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

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1454 [(a)] Any person eighteen years of age or older may execute a 1455 document that may, but need not be in substantially the following 1456 form: 1457 DOCUMENT CONCERNING THE APPOINTMENT OF HEALTH 1458 CARE [AGENT] REPRESENTATIVE 1459 "I understand that, as a competent adult, I have the right to make 1460 decisions about my health care. There may come a time when I am 1461 unable, due to incapacity, to make my own health care decisions. In 1462 these circumstances, those caring for me will need direction and will turn to someone who knows my values and health care wishes. By 1463 1464 signing this appointment of health care representative, I appoint a 1465 health care representative with legal authority to make health care 1466 decisions on my behalf in such case or at such time. 1467 I appoint (Name) to be my health care [agent] representative. If my attending physician determines that I am unable to understand 1468 1469 and appreciate the nature and consequences of health care decisions 1470 and to reach and communicate an informed decision regarding 1471 treatment, my health care [agent] representative is authorized to [:] 1472 [(1) Convey to my physician my wishes concerning the withholding or removal of life support systems. 1473 1474 (2) Take whatever actions are necessary to ensure that my wishes 1475 are given effect] accept or refuse any treatment, service or procedure 1476 used to diagnose or treat my physical or mental condition, except as otherwise provided by law, including, but not limited to, 1477 1478 psychosurgery or shock therapy, and the decision to provide, withhold or withdraw life support systems. I direct my health care 1479 1480 representative to make decisions on my behalf in accordance with my 1481 wishes as stated in a living will, or as otherwise known to my health care representative. In the event my wishes are not clear or a situation 1482 1483 arises that I did not anticipate, my health care representative may 1484 make a decision in my best interests, based upon what is known of my 1485 wishes.

If this person is unwilling or unable to serve as my health care [agent] <u>representative</u>, I appoint (Name) to be my alternative health care [agent] <u>representative</u>."

1489 "This request is made, after careful reflection, while I am of sound 1490 mind."

1491 (Signature)

1492 (Date)

- This document was signed in our presence, by the above-named
 (Name) who appeared to be eighteen years of age or older, of sound
 mind and able to understand the nature and consequences of health
 care decisions at the time the document was signed.
- 1497 (Witness)
- 1498 (Address)
- 1499 (Witness)
- 1500 (Address)
- Sec. 531. Section 19a-578 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1503 (a) Any or all of the attesting witnesses to any living will document 1504 or any document appointing a health care [agent] representative may, 1505 at the request of the declarant, make and sign an affidavit before any 1506 officer authorized to administer oaths in or out of this state, stating 1507 such facts as they would be required to testify to in court to prove such 1508 living will. The affidavit shall be written on the living will document, 1509 or if that is impracticable, on some paper attached thereto. The sworn 1510 statement of any such witness so taken shall be accepted by [the Court 1511 of Probate] a court of competent jurisdiction as if it had been taken 1512 before such court.
- (b) A physician or other health care provider who is furnished with a copy of a written living will or appointment of health care [agent] representative shall make it a part of the declarant's medical record. A

physician or other health care provider shall also record in the patient's

- 1517 medical record any oral communication concerning any aspect of [his]
- 1518 <u>the patient's</u> health care, including the withholding or withdrawal of
- 1519 life support systems, made by the patient directly to the physician or
- other health care provider or to the patient's health care [agent]
- 1521 <u>representative</u>, legal guardian, conservator, next-of-kin or person
- 1522 designated in accordance with section 1-56r.
- 1523 Sec. 532. Section 19a-579 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 1524 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1525 A living will or appointment of health care [agent] representative
- 1526 becomes operative when (1) the document is furnished to the
- 1527 attending physician, and (2) the declarant is determined by the
- 1528 attending physician to be incapacitated. At any time after the
- 1529 appointment of a health care representative, the attending physician
- 1530 <u>shall disclose such determination of incapacity, in writing, upon the</u>
- request of the person named as the health care representative.
- 1532 Sec. 533. Section 19a-579a of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 1533 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1534 (a) A living will [or appointment of health care agent] may be
- 1535 revoked at any time and in any manner by the declarant, without
- regard to the declarant's mental or physical condition.
- 1537 (b) The attending physician or other health care provider shall make
- the revocation a part of the declarant's medical record.
- 1539 (c) In the absence of knowledge of the revocation [either] of a living
- will, [or an appointment of health care agent,] a person is not subject to
- 1541 civil or criminal liability or discipline for unprofessional conduct for
- 1542 carrying out the living will pursuant to the requirements of sections
- 1543 19a-570, as amended by this act, 19a-571, as amended by this act, 19a-
- 1544 573 and 19a-575 to 19a-580c, inclusive, as amended by this act.
- 1545 Sec. 534. Section 19a-579b of the general statutes is repealed and the

following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

- The appointment of the principal's spouse as health care [agent] representative shall be revoked upon the divorce or legal separation of the principal and spouse or upon the annulment or dissolution of their marriage, unless the principal specifies otherwise.
- Sec. 535. Section 19a-580 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1553 Within a reasonable time prior to withholding or causing the 1554 removal of any life support system pursuant to sections 19a-570, as 1555 amended by this act, 19a-571, as amended by this act, 19a-573 and 19a-1556 575 to 19a-580c, inclusive, as amended by this act, the attending 1557 physician shall make reasonable efforts to notify the individual's 1558 health care [agent] representative, next-of-kin, legal guardian, 1559 conservator or person designated in accordance with section 1-56r, if 1560 available.
- Sec. 536. Section 19a-580b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- No physician, health care provider or health care insurer shall require a person to execute a living will or appoint a health care [agent] representative as a condition of treatment or receiving health care benefits.
- Sec. 537. Section 19a-580c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- (a) The probate court for the district in which the person is domiciled or is located at the time of the dispute shall have jurisdiction over any dispute concerning the meaning or application of any provision of sections 19a-570, as amended by this act, 19a-571, as amended by this act, 19a-573 and 19a-575 to 19a-580c, inclusive, as amended by this act. With respect to any communication of a patient's wishes other than by means of a document executed in accordance

with [section] <u>sections 19a-575 and</u> 19a-575a, as amended by this act, the court shall consider whether there is clear and convincing evidence of such communication.

- (b) The probate court for the district in which the person is domiciled or is located at the time of the dispute shall have jurisdiction over any dispute concerning the capacity of the health care representative or over any claim that the actions of the person named as health care representative would interfere with the treatment of the declarant or the person named as health care representative.
- (c) A person whose appointment as a health care representative has
 been revoked shall have standing to file a claim challenging the
 validity of such revocation with the probate court for the district in
 which the declarant is domiciled or is located at the time of the
 dispute.
- Sec. 538. Subsection (h) of section 45a-650 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1593 (h) The court may limit the powers and duties of either the 1594 conservator of the person or the conservator of the estate, to include 1595 some, but not all, of the powers and duties set forth in subsections (a) 1596 and (b) of section 45a-644, as amended, and sections 45a-655 and 45a-1597 656, as amended, and shall make specific findings to justify such a 1598 limitation, in the best interests of the ward. In determining whether or 1599 not any such limitations should be imposed, the court shall consider 1600 the abilities of the ward, the prior appointment of any attorney-in-fact, 1601 health care [agent] representative, trustee or other fiduciary acting on 1602 behalf of the ward, any support services which are otherwise available 1603 to the ward, and any other relevant evidence. The court may modify its 1604 decree upon any change in circumstances.
- Sec. 539. Subsection (a) of section 45a-654 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

(a) Upon written application for appointment of a temporary conservator brought by any person deemed by the court to have sufficient interest in the welfare of the respondent, including, but not limited to, the spouse or any relative of the respondent, the first selectman, chief executive officer or head of the department of welfare of the town of residence or domicile of any respondent, the Commissioner of Social Services, the board of directors of any charitable organization, as defined in section 21a-190a, or the chief administrative officer of any nonprofit hospital or such officer's designee, the Court of Probate may appoint a temporary conservator if the court finds that: (1) The respondent is incapable of managing his or her affairs or incapable of caring for himself or herself, and (2) immediate and irreparable injury to the mental or physical health or financial or legal affairs of the respondent will result if a temporary conservator is not appointed pursuant to this section. The court may, in its discretion, require the temporary conservator to give a probate bond. The court shall limit the duties, responsibilities and powers of the temporary conservator to the circumstances that gave rise to the application and shall make specific findings to justify such limitation. In making such findings, the court shall consider the present and previously expressed wishes of the respondent, the abilities of the respondent, any prior appointment of an attorney-in-fact, health care [agent] representative, trustee or other fiduciary acting on behalf of the respondent, any support service otherwise available to the respondent and any other relevant evidence. The temporary conservator shall have charge of the property or of the person of the respondent or both for such period of time or for such specific occasion as the court finds to be necessary, provided a temporary appointment shall not be valid for more than thirty days, unless at any time while the appointment of a temporary conservator is in effect, an application is filed for appointment of a conservator of the person or estate under section 45a-650. The court may (A) extend the appointment of the temporary conservator until the disposition of such application under section 45a-650, or for an additional thirty days, whichever occurs first, or (B) terminate the appointment of a temporary conservator upon a

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showing that the circumstances that gave rise to the application for appointment of a temporary conservator no longer exist.

- Sec. 540. Subdivision (3) of subsection (a) of section 52-184d of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 1648 (3) "Representative" means a legal guardian, attorney, health care 1649 [agent] <u>representative</u> or any person recognized in law or custom as a 1650 patient's agent.
- Sec. 541. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2006*) (a) Except as authorized by a court of competent jurisdiction, a conservator shall comply with a ward's individual health care instructions and other wishes, if any, expressed while the ward had capacity and to the extent known to the conservator, and the conservator may not revoke the ward's advance health care directive unless the appointing court expressly so authorizes.

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- (b) Absent a court order to the contrary, a health care decision of a health care representative takes precedence over that of a conservator, except under the following circumstances: (1) When the health care decision concerns a person who is subject to the provisions of section 17a-566, 17a-587, 17a-588 of the general statutes or section 54-56d of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes; (2) when a conservator has been appointed to a ward who is subject to an order authorized under subsection (e) of section 17a-543 of the general statutes, for the duration of the ward's hospitalization; or (3) when a conservator has been appointed to a ward subject to an order authorized under section 17a-543a of the general statutes.
- Sec. 542. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2006*) An advance directive properly executed prior to October 1, 2006, shall have the same legal force and effect as if it had been executed in accordance with the provisions of chapter 368w of the general statutes.
- Sec. 543. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) Health care instructions or

appointment of a health care proxy executed under the laws of another state in compliance with the laws of that state or the state of Connecticut, and which are not contrary to the public policy of this state, are deemed validly executed for purposes of chapter 368w of the general statutes. Health care instructions or appointment of a health care proxy executed in a foreign country in compliance with the laws of the country or the state of Connecticut, and which are not contrary to the public policy of this state, are deemed validly executed for the purposes of chapter 368w of the general statutes. A healthcare provider may rely on such health care instructions or recognize such appointment of a health care proxy based upon any of the following: (1) An order or decision by a court of competent jurisdiction; (2) presentation of a notarized statement from the patient or person offering the health care proxy that the proxy (A) is valid under the laws of the state or country in which it was made, and (B) is not contrary to the public policy of this state; or (3) the healthcare provider's own good faith legal analysis.

Sec. 544. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) (a) Each person licensed to practice physical therapy under the provisions of chapter 376 of the general statutes who provides direct patient care services shall maintain professional liability insurance or other indemnity against liability for professional malpractice. The amount of insurance which each such person shall carry as insurance or indemnity against claims for injury or death for professional malpractice shall not be less than five hundred thousand dollars for one person, per occurrence, with an aggregate of not less than one million five hundred thousand dollars.

(b) Each insurance company which issues professional liability insurance, as defined in subdivisions (1), (6), (7), (8) and (9) of subsection (b) of section 38a-393 of the general statutes, shall on and after January 1, 2007, render to the Commissioner of Public Health a true record of the names and addresses, according to classification, of cancellations of and refusals to renew professional liability insurance policies and the reasons for such cancellation or refusal to renew said policies for the year ending on the thirty-first day of December next

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Sec. 545. Subsection (a) of section 19a-7d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1711 1, 2006):

(a) The Commissioner of Public Health may establish, within available appropriations, a program to provide three-year grants to community-based providers of primary care services in order to expand access to health care for the uninsured. The grants may be awarded to community-based providers of primary care for (1) funding for direct services, (2) recruitment and retention of primary care clinicians and registered nurses through subsidizing of salaries or through a loan repayment program, and (3) capital expenditures. The community-based providers of primary care under the direct service program shall provide, or arrange access to, primary and preventive services, referrals to specialty services, including rehabilitative and mental health services, inpatient care, prescription drugs, basic diagnostic laboratory services, health education and outreach to alert people to the availability of services. Primary care clinicians and registered nurses participating in the state loan repayment program or receiving subsidies shall provide services to the uninsured based on a sliding fee schedule, provide free care if necessary, accept Medicare assignment and participate as a Medicaid provider, or provide nursing services in school-based health centers. The commissioner may adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to establish eligibility criteria, services to be provided by participants, the sliding fee schedule, reporting requirements and the loan repayment program. For the purposes of this section, "primary care clinicians" includes family practice physicians, general practice osteopaths, obstetricians and gynecologists, internal medicine physicians, pediatricians, dentists, certified nurse midwives, advanced practice registered nurses, physician assistants and dental hygienists.

Sec. 546. Sections 7-244g to 7-244s, inclusive, of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes are repealed. (*Effective from passage*)

1741 Sec. 547. Section 1-54a of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective October 1, 2006*)"